



Specification document of MAX6605MXKV

Component manufacturer	Maxim Integrated		
Model number	MAX6605MXKV		
Datasheets	MAX6605 DS (maximintegrated.com)		
Specification Ver	01.00.00	Oct 04,2022	New release
	01.00.01	Oct 18,2022	Corrected license content
Documentation provided	Rui Long Lab Inc. https://rui-long-lab.com/		

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1. Component datasheet

Temperature accuracy	$\pm 0.75^{\circ} \text{ C}$ (25° C)
Temperature range	-40 to $+85^{\circ} \text{ C}$
Range of power supply voltage (Vdd)	2.7 to 5.5[V]
Output voltage (Vout)	Linear $11.9 \times \text{Vdd} / 3.3$ [mV/ $^{\circ} \text{ C}$] Typ. $\text{Vdd} = 3.3$ [V] 0 [$^{\circ} \text{ C}$] 0.744 [V] Typ.

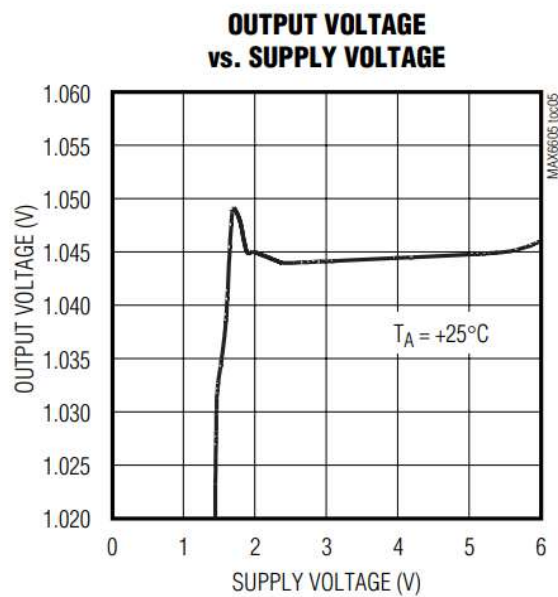
Calculation

$$\text{Vout} = 0.744\text{V} + (0.0119 \text{ V}/^{\circ} \text{ C} \times \text{Ta})$$

$$\text{Ta} = (\text{Vout} - 0.744\text{V}) / 0.0119 \text{ V}/^{\circ} \text{ C}$$

More accurate temperature calculation

$$\text{Vout} = 0.744\text{V} + (0.0119 \text{ V}/^{\circ} \text{ C} \times \text{Ta}) + (1.604 \times 10^{-6} \times \text{Ta}^2)$$



Applications

IoT etc

- Cellular Phones
- Battery Packs
- GPS Equipment
- Digital Cameras

Automotive

2. Component Software IF specification

The software interface specifications based on the MAX6605MXKV component specifications are as follows.

The voltage value-to-physical value conversion equation is a linear conversion equation as shown in the equation below.

ADC value to voltage value conversion formula

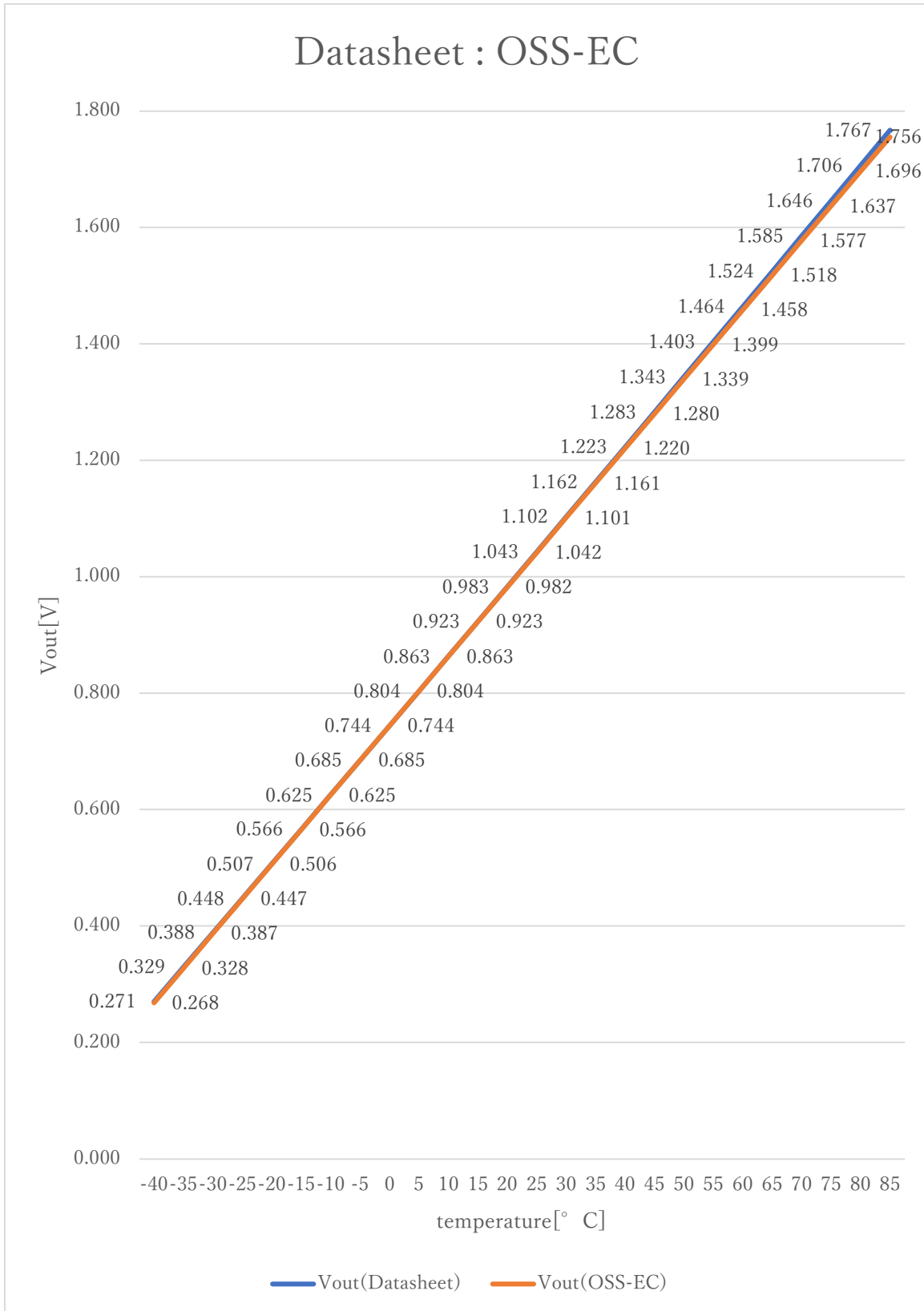
$$v_i = (a_i \times i_{ADC_vdd}) / 2^{i_{ADC_bit}} \quad [V]$$

Voltage value to physical value conversion formula

$$y = (v_i - i_{MAX6605MXKV_xoff}) / i_{MAX6605MXKV_gain} + i_{MAX6605MXKV_yoff} \quad [^{\circ}C]$$

$$i_{MAX6605MXKV_min} \leq y \leq i_{MAX6605MXKV_max}$$

<code>a_i</code>	A/D conversion value	
<code>v_i</code>	Sensor output voltage value [V]	
<code>i_{ADC_vdd}</code>	Sensor supply voltage value [V]	
<code>i_{ADC_bit}</code>	A/D conversion bit length	
<code>y</code>	Temperature value [°C]	
<code>#define i_{MAX6605MXKV_xoff}</code>	<u>0.744F</u>	// X offset [V]
<code>#define i_{MAX6605MXKV_yoff}</code>	<u>0.0F</u>	// Y offset [°C]
<code>#define i_{MAX6605MXKV_gain}</code>	<u>0.0119F</u>	// Gain [V/°C]
<code>#define i_{MAX6605MXKV_max}</code>	<u>85.0F</u>	// Temperature Max [°C]
<code>#define i_{MAX6605MXKV_min}</code>	<u>-40.0F</u>	// Temperature Min [°C]



$$V_{out}(\text{Datasheet}) = 0.744\text{V} + (0.0119 \text{ V}/^\circ \text{C} \times T_a) + (1.604 \times 10^{-6} \times T_a^2)$$

3. File Structure and Definitions

MAX6605MXKV.h

```
#include "user_define.h"

// Components number
#define iMAX6605MXKV      111U           // Maxim Integrated MAX6605MXKV

// MAX6605MXKV System Parts definitions
#define iMAX6605MXKV_xoff 0.744F      // X offset [V]
#define iMAX6605MXKV_yoff 0.0F        // Y offset [°C]
#define iMAX6605MXKV_gain 0.0119F    // Gain [V/°C]
#define iMAX6605MXKV_max  85.0F      // Temperature Max [°C]
#define iMAX6605MXKV_min  -40.0F     // Temperature Min [°C]

extern const tbl_adc_t tbl_MAX6605MXKV;
```

MAX6605MXKV.cpp

```

#include      "MAX6605MXKV.h"

#if      iMAX6605MXKV_ma == iSMA                // Simple moving average filter
static float32 MAX6605MXKV_sma_buf[iMAX6605MXKV_SMA_num];
static const sma_f32_t MAX6605MXKV_Phy_SMA =
{
    iInitial ,                                // Initial state
    iMAX6605MXKV_SMA_num ,                    // Simple moving average number & buf size
    OU ,                                       // buffer position
    0.0F ,                                     // sum
    &MAX6605MXKV_sma_buf[0]                   // buffer
};

#elif      iMAX6605MXKV_ma == iEMA              // Exponential moving average filter
static const ema_f32_t MAX6605MXKV_Phy_EMA =
{
    iInitial ,                                // Initial state
    0.0F ,                                     // Xn-1
    iMAX6605MXKV_EMA_K                        // Exponential smoothing factor
};

#elif      iMAX6605MXKV_ma == iWMA             // Weighted moving average filter
static float32 MAX6605MXKV_wma_buf[iMAX6605MXKV_WMA_num];
static const wma_f32_t MAX6605MXKV_Phy_WMA =
{
    iInitial ,                                // Initial state
    iMAX6605MXKV_WMA_num ,                    // Weighted moving average number & buf size
    OU ,                                       // buffer position
    iMAX6605MXKV_WMA_num * (iMAX6605MXKV_WMA_num + 1)/2 , // kn sum
    &MAX6605MXKV_wma_buf[0]                   // Xn buffer
};

#else                                          // Non-moving average filter
#endif

#define iDummy_adr      0xffffffff            // Dummy address

```

```
const tbl_adc_t tbl_MAX6605MXKV =
{
    iMAX6605MXKV      ,
    iMAX6605MXKV_pin  ,
    iMAX6605MXKV_xoff ,
    iMAX6605MXKV_yoff ,
    iMAX6605MXKV_gain ,
    iMAX6605MXKV_max  ,
    iMAX6605MXKV_min  ,
    iMAX6605MXKV_ma   ,

    #if iMAX6605MXKV_ma == iSMA // Simple moving average filter
        &MAX6605MXKV_Phy_SMA ,
        (ema_f32_t*) iDummy_adr ,
        (wma_f32_t*) iDummy_adr
    #elif iMAX6605MXKV_ma == iEMA // Exponential moving average filter
        (sma_f32_t*) iDummy_adr ,
        &MAX6605MXKV_Phy_EMA ,
        (wma_f32_t*) iDummy_adr
    #elif iMAX6605MXKV_ma == iWMA // Weighted moving average filter
        (sma_f32_t*) iDummy_adr ,
        (ema_f32_t*) iDummy_adr ,
        &MAX6605MXKV_Phy_WMA
    #else // Non-moving average filter
        (sma_f32_t*) iDummy_adr ,
        (ema_f32_t*) iDummy_adr ,
        (wma_f32_t*) iDummy_adr
    #endif
};
```